PREVENT STORM WATER CONTAMINATION

Best Management Practices for

Rubber, Plastic & Other Products

Outdoor material storage

(including waste and particulate emission management)

- Confine storage of materials, parts and equipment to designated areas.
- Consider secondary containment using curbing, berming or diking all liquid storage areas.
- Train employees in spill prevention and response techniques.
- Train employees on proper waste control and disposal.
- Consider covering tanks.
- ◆ Ensure that all containers are closed (e.g. valves shut, lids sealed, caps closed).
- Wash and rinse containers indoors before storing them outdoors.
- If outside or in covered areas, minimize run-on of storm water by grading the land to divert flow away from containers.
- Leak detection and container integrity testing.
- + Direct runoff to on-site retention pond.
- Inventory all raw and spent materials.
- ♦ Clean around vents and stacks.
- Place tubs around vents and stacks to collect particulate.
- Inspect air emission control systems (e.g. baghouses) regularly, and repair or replace when necessary.
- ◆ Store wastes in covered, leak proof containers (e.g. dumpsters, drums).
- Consider shipping all wastes to offsite landfills or treatment facilities.
- Ensure hazardous waste disposal practices are performed in accordance with Federal, State and local requirements.

Outdoor unloading and loading

- Confine loading/unloading activities to a designated area.
- Consider performing loading/unloading activities indoors or in a covered area.
- Consider covering loading/unloading area with permanent cover (e.g. roof) or temporary cover (e.g. tarps).
- Close storm drains during loading/unloading activities in surrounding areas.
- Avoid loading/unloading materials in the rain.
- Inspect the unloading/loading areas to detect problems before they occur.
- Inspect all containers prior to loading/unloading of any raw or spent materials.
- Consider berming, curbing or diking loading/ unloading areas.
- Dead-end sump where spilled materials could be directed.
- Drip pans under hoses.
- Use dry clean-up methods instead of washing the areas down.
- Train employees on proper loading/unloading techniques, spill prevention and response.

Best Management Practices for

Rubber, Plastic & Other Products

Zinc source

Poor housekeeping, bags of zinc stored outside, zinc spilled from trucks during unloading, spillage during emptying for plant use

 Employee training, spill cleanup, indoor storage, use of special large volume sacks with less potential for releases of zinc.

Zinc containers, rubber products, rags contaminated with zinc stearate discarded in outdoor dumpsters

◆ Cover the dumpsters, use linked dumpsters that do not leak or move dumpster inside.

Malfunctioning baghouses for dust collection

 Repair or replace the baghouse, regular maintenance.

Grinding operations from which zinc dust may be released

 Use dust collection system or reduce the amount of dust generated.

Drips of zinc stearate during coating operations

 Spill prevention/response, use of alternate compounds.

If spills occur:

- + Stop the source of the spill immediately.
- + Contain the liquid until cleanup is complete.
- Deploy oil containment booms if the spill may reach the water.
- + Cover the spill with absorbent material.
- ⋆ Keep the area well ventilated.
- * Dispose of clean-up materials properly.
- + Do not use emulsifier or dispersant.



STREET TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT STORM WATER MANAGEMENT SECTION

(602) 256-3190

Upon request, the Street Transportation Department will make this publication available through appropriate auxiliary aids or services to accommodate an individual with a disability by calling 256-3190; or faxing a request to 495-2016.